



JOC314 Series

0.8A, Gate Driver Photo Coupler

Description

The JOC314 series Photocoupler is ideally suited for driving power IGBTs and MOSFETs used in motor control inverter applications and inverters in power supply system. It contains an LED optically coupled to an integrated circuit with a power output stage.

The Photocoupler operational parameters are guaranteed over the temperature range from -40° C ~ +110°C.

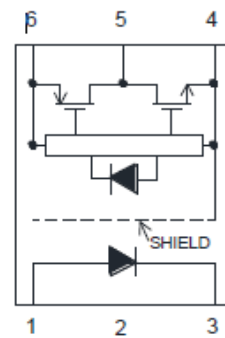
Features

- 0.8 A maximum peak output current
- Rail-to-rail output voltage
- 110 ns maximum propagation delay
- Under Voltage Lock-Out protection (UVLO) with hysteresis
- Wide operating range: 10 to 30 Volts (V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Guaranteed performance over temperature -40°C ~ +110°C.

Applications

- Isolated IGBT/Power MOSFET gate drive
- Industrial Inverter
- AC brushless and DC motor drives
- Induction Heating

SCHEMATIC



PIN DEFINITION

	6.VCC
1.Anode	5.VO
3.Cathode	4.VSS

PACKAGE



**TRUTH TABLE**

LED	$V_{CC}-V_{SS}$ (Turn-ON, +ve going)	$V_{CC}-V_{SS}$ (Turn-OFF, -ve going)	$V_o$
Off	0V to 30V	0V to 30V	Low
On	0V to 6.9V	0V to 5.9V	Low
On	6.9V to 8.7V	5.9V to 7.5V	Transition
On	8.7V to 30V	7.5V to 30V	High

Note: A 0.1 $\mu$ F bypass capacitor must be connected between Pin 4 and 6.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	Min	Max	UNIT	Note
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55	125	$^{\circ}$ C	-
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40	110	$^{\circ}$ C	-
Output IC Junction Temperature	$T_J$	-	125	$^{\circ}$ C	-
Total Output Supply Voltage	$(V_{CC}-V_{SS})$	0	35	V	-
Average Forward Input Current	$I_F$	-	20	mA	-
Reverse Input Voltage	$V_R$	-	5	V	-
“High” Peak Output Current	$I_{OH(PEAK)}$		0.8	A	1
“Low” Peak Output Current	$I_{OL(PEAK)}$		0.8	A	1
Output Voltage	$V_{O(PEAK)}$	-0.5	$V_{CC}$	V	-
Power Dissipation	$P_I$	-	45	mW	-
Output IC Power Dissipation	$P_O$	-	250	mW	-
Lead Solder Temperature	$T_{sol}$	-	260	$^{\circ}$ C	-

Note: Ambient temperature = 25 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified. Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for long periods of time can adversely affect reliability.

Note 1: Exponential waveform. Pulse width  $\leq 10 \mu$ s,  $f \leq 15$  kHz

**RECOMMENDED OPERATION CONDITIONS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Temperature	$T_A$	-40	110	$^{\circ}$ C
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	10	30	V
Input Current (ON)	$I_{F(ON)}$	7	16	mA
Input Voltage (OFF)	$V_{F(OFF)}$	-3.0	0.8	V

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION	NOTE
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	1.6	1.9	2.4	V	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	-
Input Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T$	-	-1.237	-	mV/°C	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	-
Input Reverse Voltage	$BV_R$	5	-	-	V	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$	-
Input Threshold Current (Low to High)	$I_{FLH}$	-	0.6	2	mA	$V_O > 5\text{V}, I_O = 0\text{A}$	-
Input Threshold Voltage (High to Low)	$V_{FHL}$	0.8	-	-	V	$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, V_O < 5\text{V}$	-
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$	-	60	-	pF	$V_F = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
High Level Supply Current	$I_{CCH}$	-	1.55	3	mA	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, V_O = \text{Open}, R_g = 30 \Omega, C_g = 3 \text{ nF}$	
Low Level Supply Current	$I_{CCL}$	-	1.92	3	mA	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, V_O = \text{Open}, R_g = 30 \Omega, C_g = 3 \text{ nF}$	
High Level Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	29.4	29.69	-	V	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, I_O = -100 \text{ mA}$	2,3
Low Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	-	0.17	0.4	V	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$	
High Level Output Current	$I_{OH}$	0.8	-	-	A	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $V_O = V_{CC} - 4$	1
Low Level Output Current	$I_{OL}$	0.8	-	-	A	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $V_O = V_{SS} + 4$	1
Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	VUVLO+	6.9	7.8	8.7	V	$V_O > 5\text{V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	
	VUVLO-	5.9	6.9	7.5	V	$V_O < 5\text{V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	

All Typical values at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{CC} - V_{SS} = 30 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified; all minimum and maximum specifications are at recommended operating condition.

Note 1: Maximum pulse width = 10  $\mu\text{s}$ .

Note 2: In this test  $V_{OH}$  is measured with a dc load current. When driving capacitive loads,  $V_{OH}$  will approach  $V_{CC}$  as  $I_{OH}$  approaches zero amps.

Note 3: Maximum pulse width = 1 ms.

### SWITCHING SPECIFICATION

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION	NOTE
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS							
Propagation Delay Time to Output Low Level	$t_{PHL}$	-	54	110	ns	$R_g = 47 \Omega$ , $C_g = 3 \text{ nF}$ , $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ , Duty Cycle = 50% $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$	-
Propagation Delay Time to Output High Level	$t_{PLH}$	-	69	110	ns		-
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	-	22	70	ns		-
Propagation Delay Difference Between Any Two Parts	PDD ( $t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}$ )	-100	-	+100	ns		-
Rise Time	$t_r$	-	35	-	ns		-
Fall Time	$t_f$	-	25	-	ns		-
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic High	$CM_H$	20	40	-	kV/ $\mu\text{s}$	$I_F = 7 \text{ to } 16 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CM} = 1 \text{ kV}$	1,2
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic Low	$CM_L$	20	40	-	kV/ $\mu\text{s}$	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CM} = 1 \text{ kV}$	1,3

All Typical values at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{CC} - V_{SS} = 30 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified; all minimum and maximum specifications are at recommended operating condition.

Note 1: Pin 2 needs to be connected to LED common.

Note 2: Common mode transient immunity in the high state is the maximum tolerable  $dV_{CM}/dt$  of the common mode pulse,  $V_{CM}$ , to assure that the output will remain in the high state (meaning  $V_O > 10.0 \text{ V}$ ).

Note 3: Common mode transient immunity in a low state is the maximum tolerable  $dV_{CM}/dt$  of the common mode pulse,  $V_{CM}$ , to assure that the output will remain in a low state (meaning  $V_O < 1.0 \text{ V}$ ).

### ISOLATION CHARACTERISTIC

Parameter	Symbo	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition	Note
Withstand Insulation Test Voltage	V <sub>ISO</sub>	JOC314SL	5000	-	-	V	RH ≤ 40%-60%, t = 1min, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	1,2
		JOC314SLM						
Input-Output Resistance	R <sub>I-O</sub>	-	-	10 <sup>12</sup>	-	Ω	V <sub>I-O</sub> = 500V DC	1

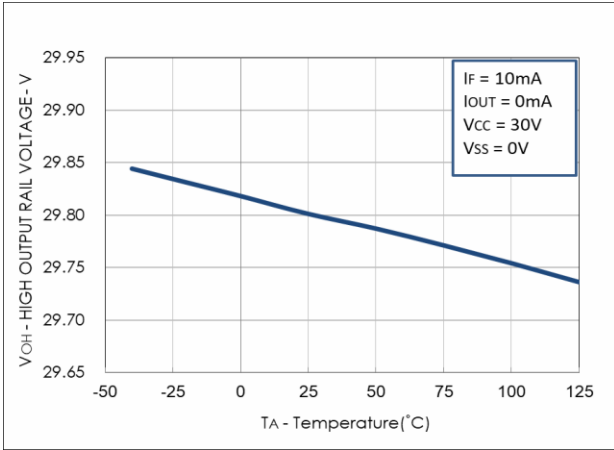
All Typical values at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C and V<sub>CC</sub> – V<sub>SS</sub> = 30 V, unless otherwise specified; all minimum and maximum specifications are at recommended operating condition.

Note 1: Device is considered a two terminal device: pins 1, 2, 3 are shorted together and pins 4, 5, 6 are shorted together.

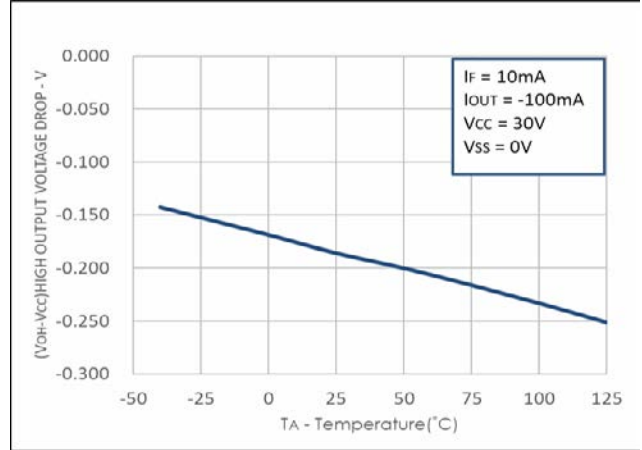
Note 2: According to UL1577, each photocoupler is tested by applying an insulation test voltage 6000VRMS for one second. This test is performed before the 100% production test for partial discharge.

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES & TEST CIRCUITS**

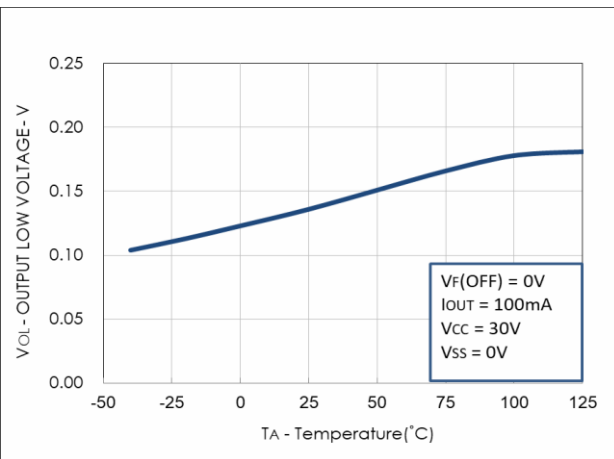
**Fig.1 High output rail voltage vs. Temperature**



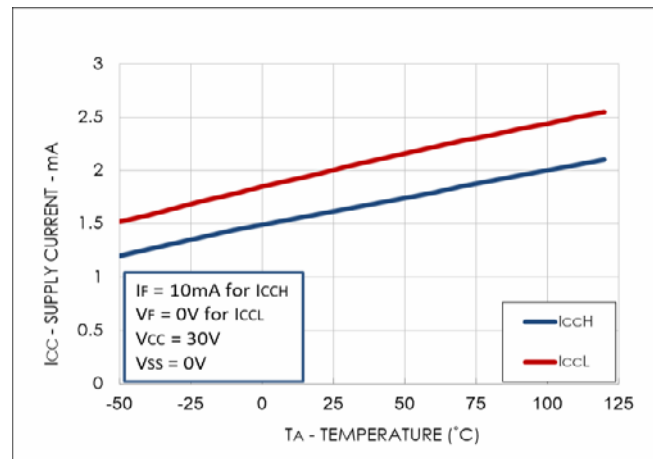
**Fig.2 VOH vs. Temperature**



**Fig.3 VOL vs. Temperature**

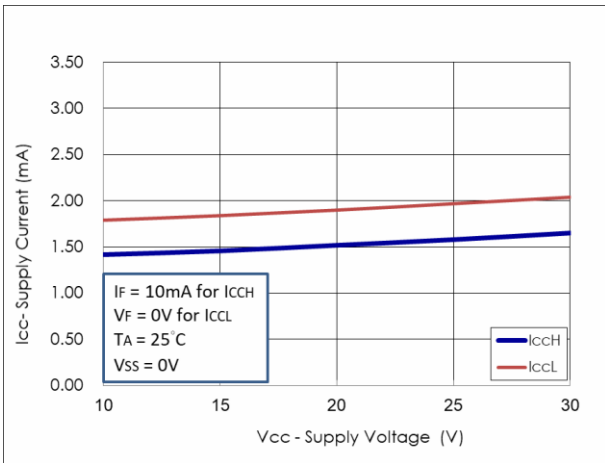


**Fig.4 ICC vs. Temperature**

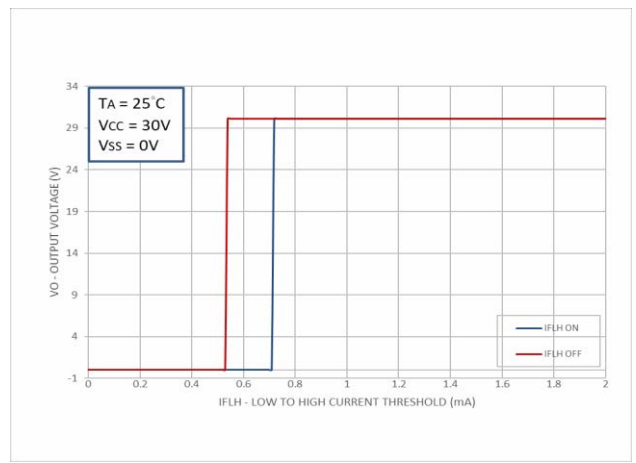


**Fig.5 ICC vs. VCC**

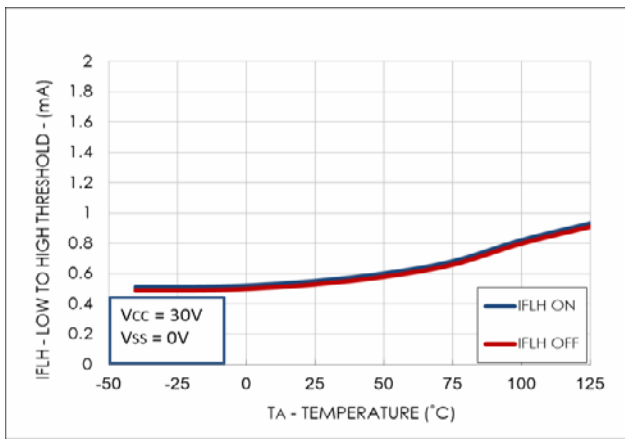
**Fig.6 IFLH vs. Hysteresis**



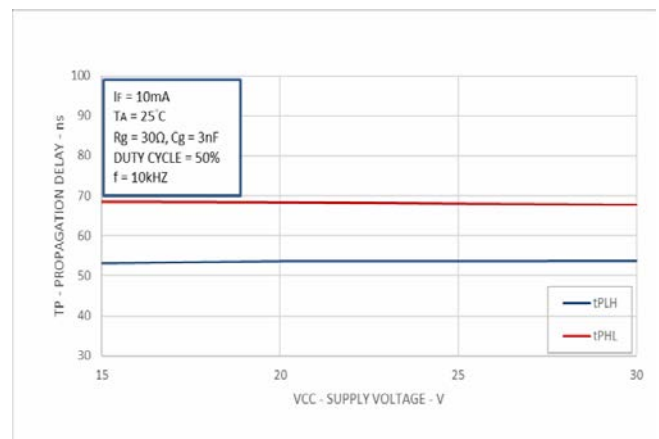
**Fig.7  $I_{FH}$  vs. Temperature**



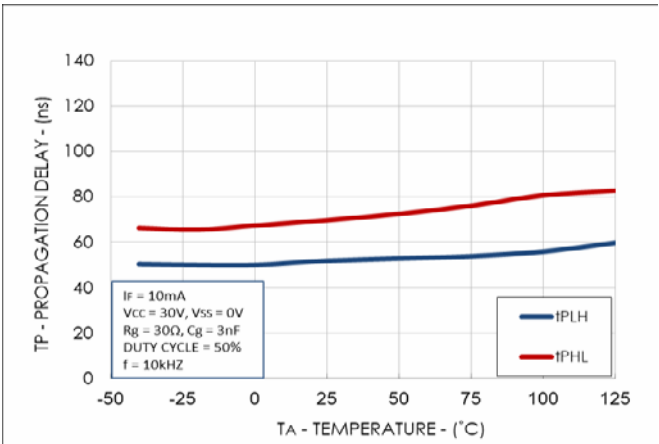
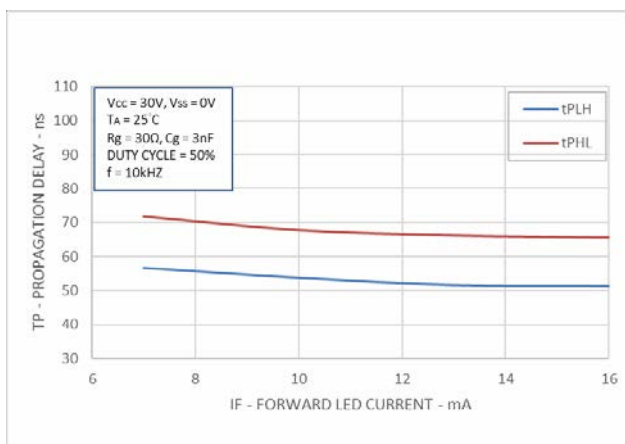
**Fig.8 Propagation Delays vs.  $V_{cc}$**



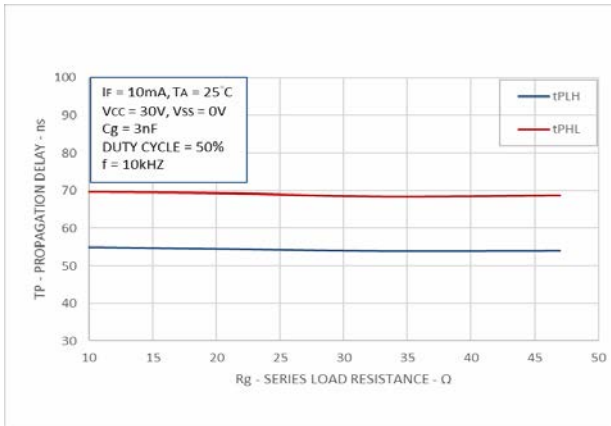
**Fig.9 Propagation Delays vs.  $I_f$**



**Fig.10 Propagation Delays vs. Temperature**



**Fig.11 Propagation Delays vs. Rg**



**Fig.12 Propagation Delays vs. Cg**





Fig.13 Input Current vs. Forward Voltage

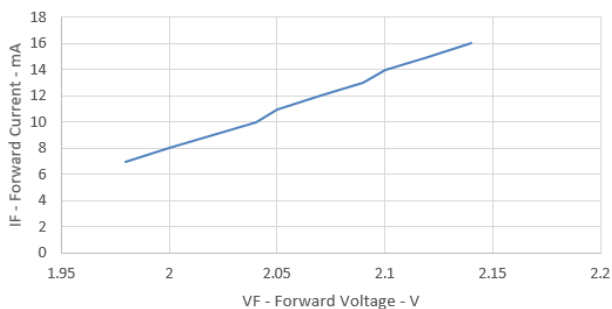


Fig.14  $I_{OH}$  Test Circuit

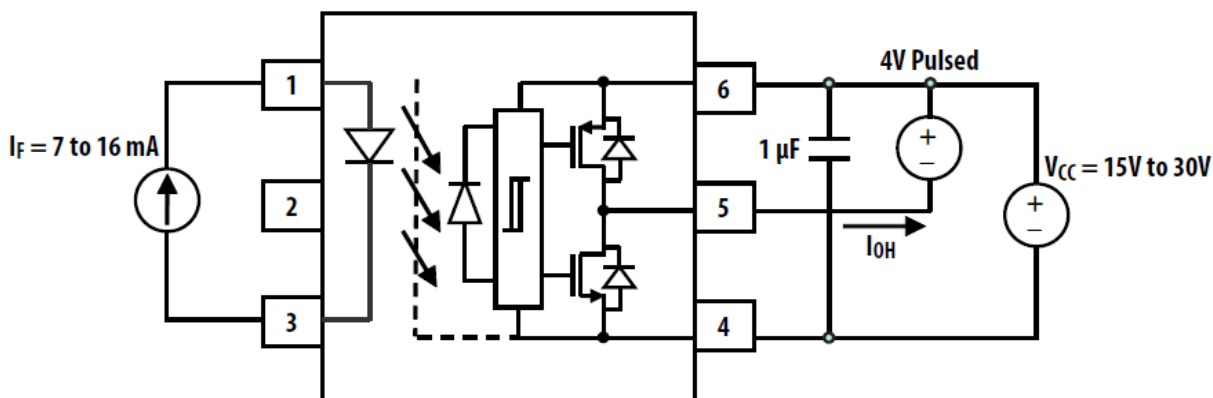
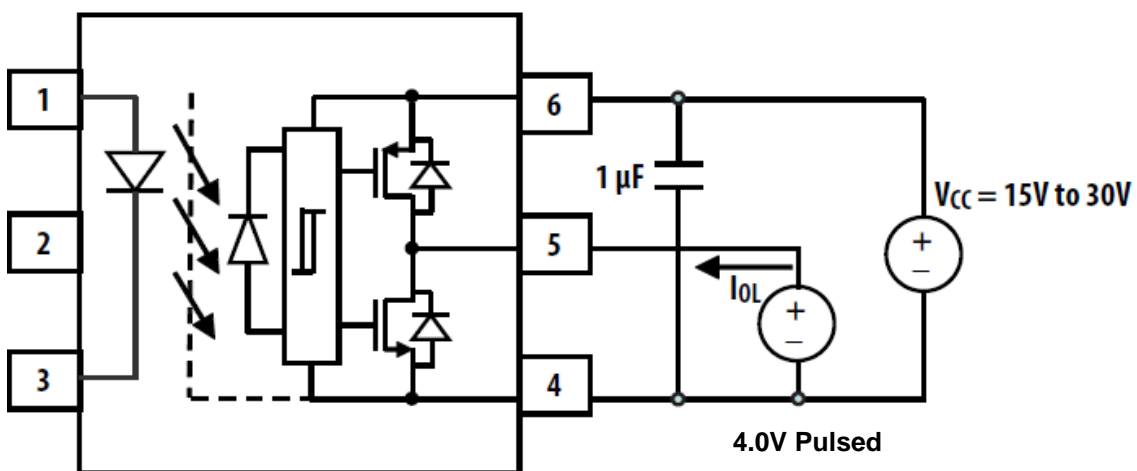
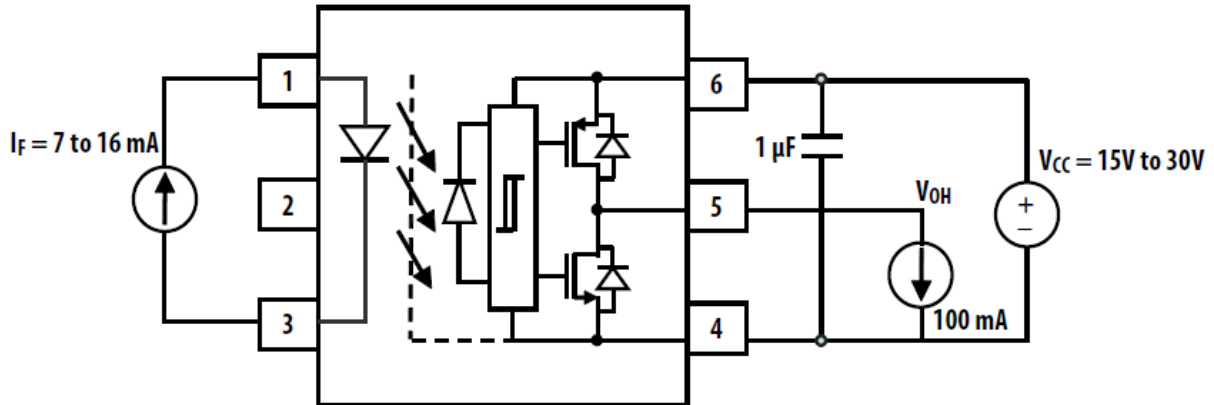


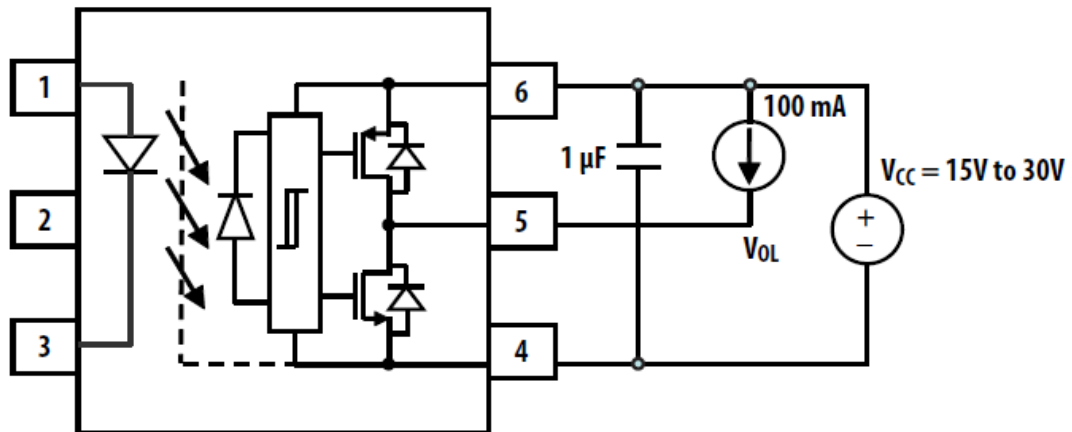
Fig.15  $I_{OL}$  Test Circuit



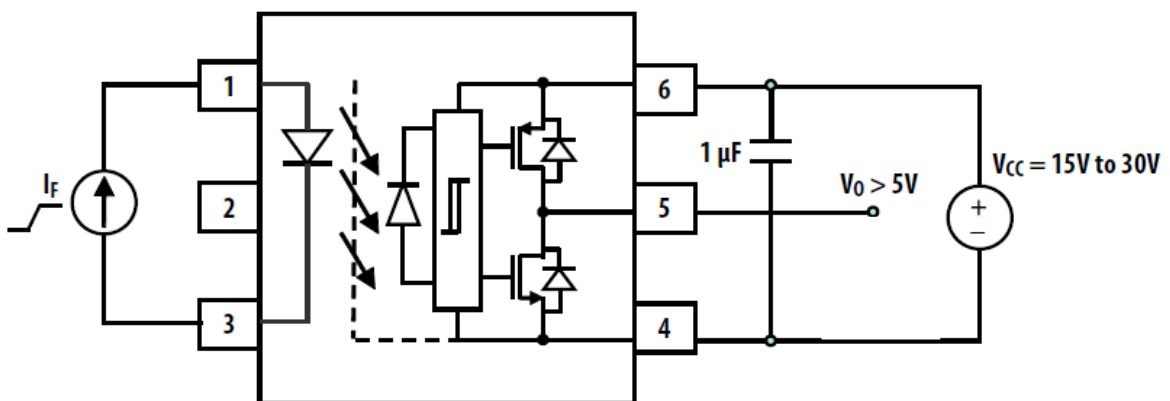
**Fig.16  $V_{OH}$  Test Circuit**



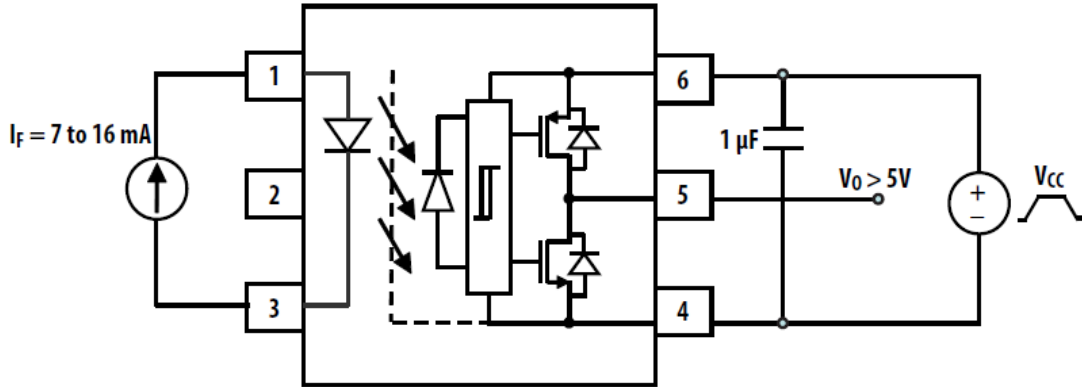
**Fig.17  $V_{OL}$  Test Circuit**



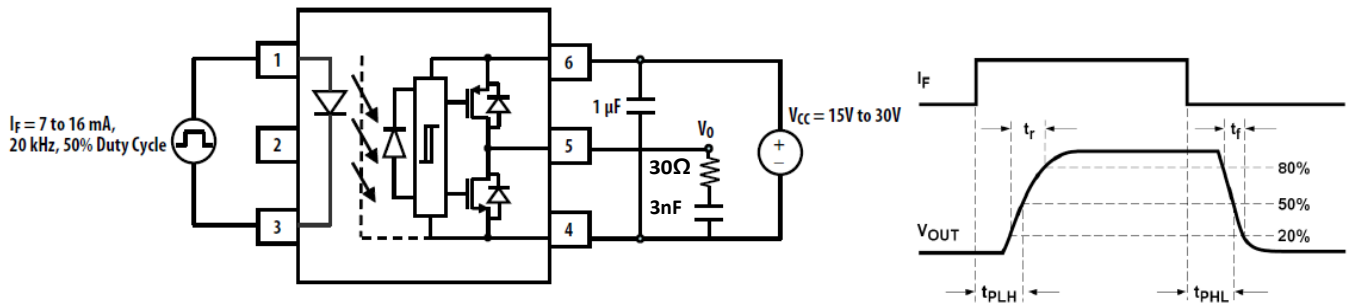
**Fig.18  $I_{FLH}$  Test Circuit**



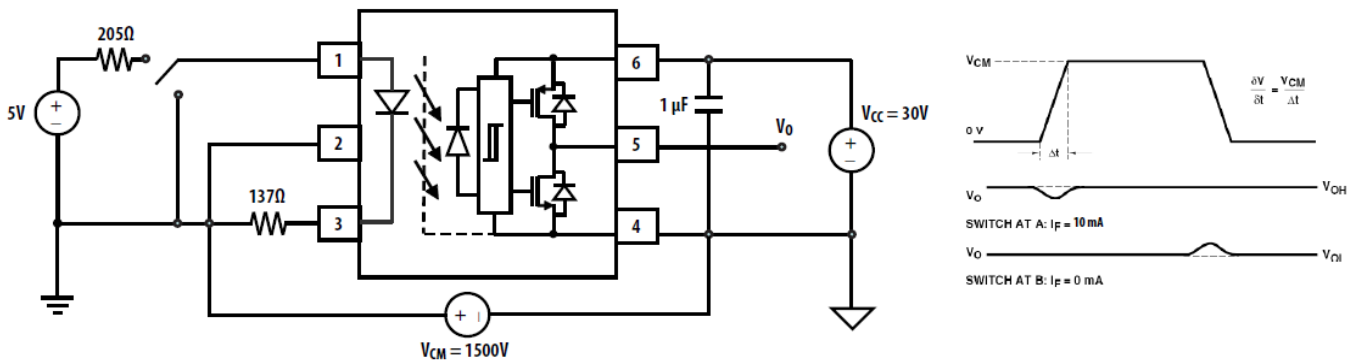
**Fig.19 UVLO Test Circuit**



**Fig.20 t<sub>PHL</sub>, t<sub>PLH</sub>, t<sub>r</sub> and t<sub>f</sub> Test Circuit and Waveforms**



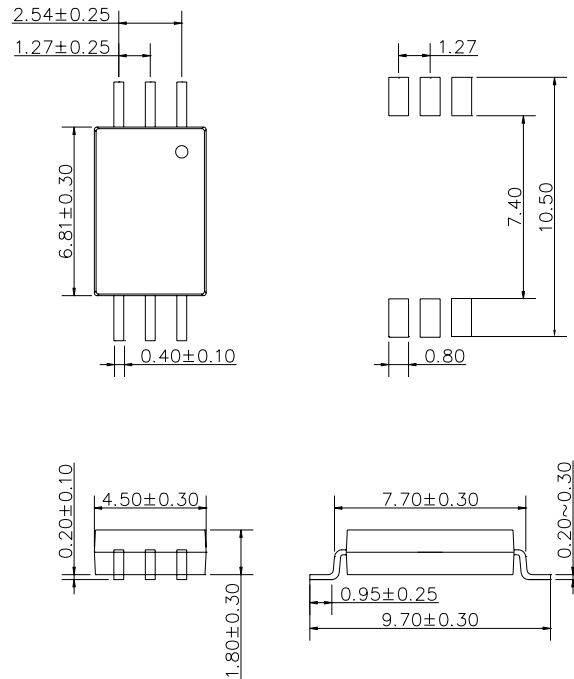
**Fig.21 CMR Test Circuit with Split Resistors Network and Waveforms**



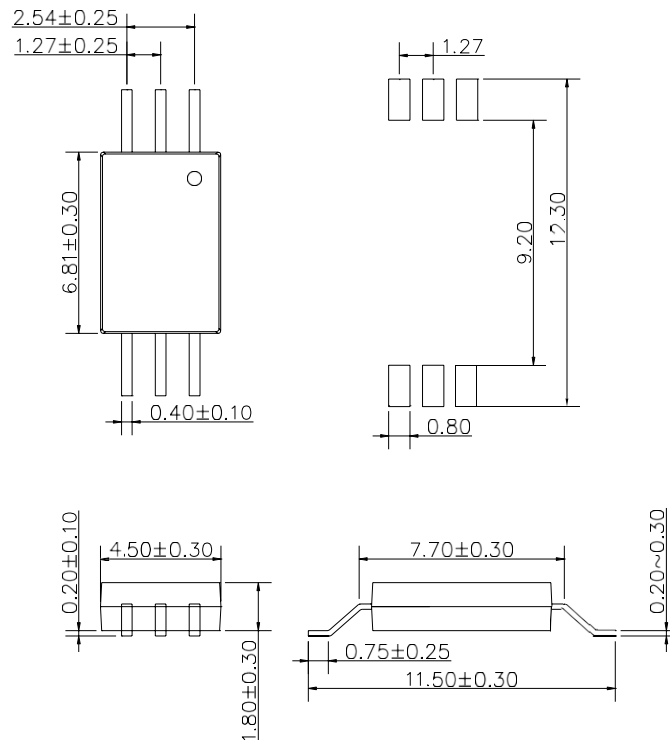
**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (Dimensions in mm unless otherwise stated)**

**Surface Mount Lead Forming**

**SL type Dimension**



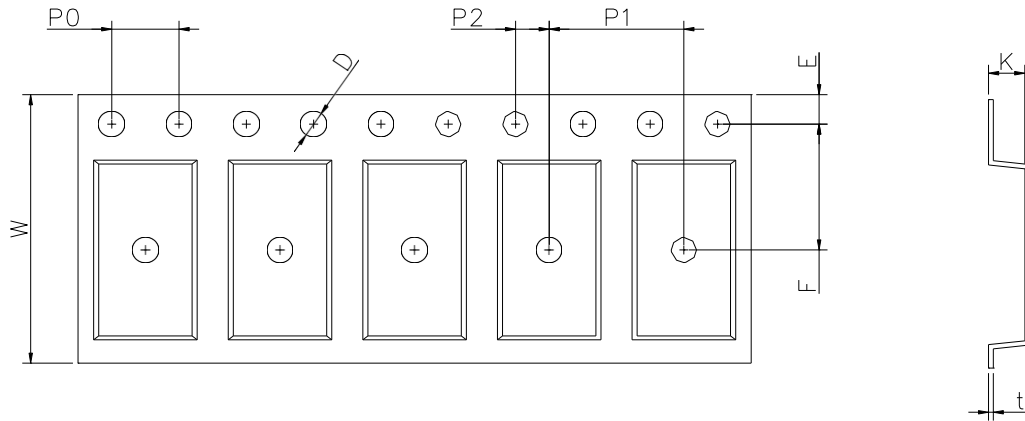
**SLM type Dimension**



**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (Dimensions in mm unless otherwise stated)**

**TAPING DIMENSIONS** (Dimensions in mm unless otherwise stated)

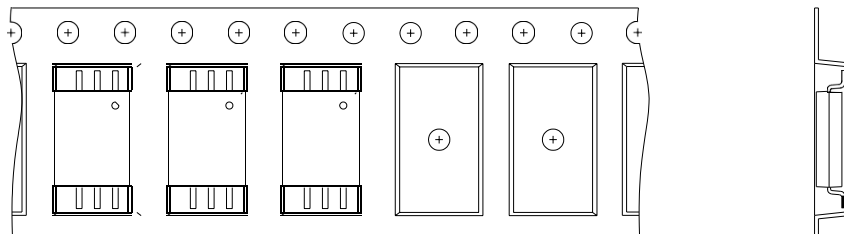
**SL type Taping Dimensions**



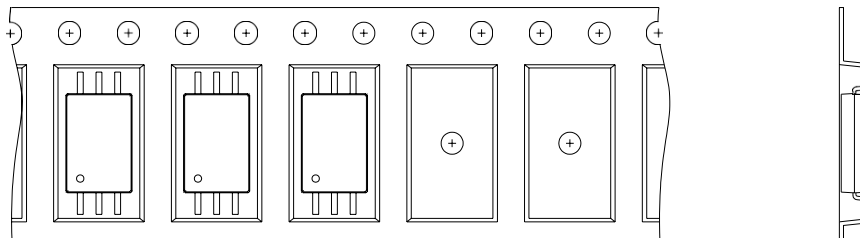
Dimension Symbol	D	E	F	P0	P1	P2	t	W	K
Dimension (mm)	1.5±0.1	1.75±0.1	7.5±0.1	4.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	0.3±0.1	16.0±0.3	2.15±0.1

**Tape & Reel Packing Specifications**

**Option T1**



**Option T2**



**MARKING INFORMATION**



**JOC** : Company Abbr.  
**314** : Part Number & Rank  
**V** : VDE Option  
**Y** : Fiscal Year  
**Y** : Manufacturing Code  
**WW** : Work Week

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

**JOC314(Y)(Z)-GV**

JOC– Company Abbr.  
 314 – Part Number  
 Y – Lead Form Option  
 Z – Tape and Reel Option (T1/T2)  
 G – Green  
 V – VDE Option (V or None)

**DISCLAIMER**

- JIEJIE is continually improving the quality, reliability, function and design. JIEJIE reserves the right to make changes without further notices.
- The characteristic curves shown in this datasheet are representing typical performance which are not guaranteed.
- JIEJIE makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, JIEJIE disclaims (a) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (b) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (c) any and all iMPCied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular
- The products shown in this publication are designed for the general use in electronic applications such as office automation, equipment, communications devices, audio/visual equipment, electrical application and instrumentation purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.
- This product is not intended to be used for military, aircraft, medical, life sustaining or lifesaving applications or any other application which can result in human injury or death.
- Please contact JIEJIE sales agent for special application request.
- Immerge unit's body in solder paste is not recommended.
- Parameters provided in datasheets may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated in each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify JIEJIE's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.
- Discoloration might be occurred on the package surface after soldering, reflow or long-time use. It neither impacts the performance nor reliability.